(A company limited by guarantee)

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

The directors submit the audited financial statements of Video Performance Limited (VPL) to the members for the year ended 31 December 2011.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The company's principal activity is the collection and distribution of licence fees for the broadcasting and public performance of music videos on behalf of its members.

The total amount available for distribution in the income, expenditure and distribution account is distributed to its members, with the intention that there are no retained reserves at any particular balance sheet date.

BUSINESS REVIEW AND FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

VPL considers its key performance indicators to be income, income growth, net distributable revenue and cost to income ratio. Total income decreased in the year to 31 December 2011 to £10.6 million from £10.9 million in 2010. Total net distributable revenue decreased in the year by 4% to £9.3 million. Broadcasting income is the main source of income for VPL and it remained flat year-on-year despite the continued fall in the general use of music videos.

The cost to income ratio for 2011 was 13.6% and management expect that this will return to a level closer to 15% in future periods.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

In tough market conditions for VPL's members the changes within the music business have been immense. Sales of physical music carriers continue to decline generally around the world though the 'use' of music videos continues to grow as media expands. The broadcasting market will remain a tough environment as advertising income is challenged and business models evolve to embrace new media and technological changes.

Liquidity risk is mitigated by actively managing cash generation and funding requirements. Distribution payments are only made on license fees collected.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the report of the directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Disclosure of information to auditors

In the case of each of the persons who are directors at the time when the report is approved, the following applies:

- so far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware; and
- they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

Independent auditors

The auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, have indicated their willingness to continue in office and a resolution concerning their reappointment will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting.

CHARITABLE DONATIONS

No donations were made during the year ended 31 December 2011 (2010: £nil).

DIRECTORS

The directors of the company who were in office during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements were:

J Cross (resigned 20 September 2011*, reappointed 24 January 2012)

R Evers (resigned 24 January 2012)

G Kempin

P Leathern (appointed 22 November 2011)

J Mullan

F Nevrkla

J Radice

A Sear

M Smith

S Wheeler

(*as alternate for R Evers)

By order of the Board

D HARMSWORTH SECRETARY

10 July 2012

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF VIDEO PERFORMANCE LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Video Performance Limited for the year ended 31 December 2011 which comprise the Income, Expenditure and Distribution account, the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses, the Balance sheet, the Cash Flow Statement and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 3 the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Report of the Directors to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2011 and of its result and cash flows for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice: and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF VIDEO PERFORMANCE LIMITED

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Brian Henderson (Senior Statutory Auditor) For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

London

10 July 2012

INCOME, EXPENDITURE AND DISTRIBUTION ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

	Note	2011 £000	2010 £000
LICENCE FEE INCOME	2	10,647	10,951
Cost of collection and distribution		(1,450)	(1,393)
NET INCOME BEFORE INTEREST AND TAXATION	3	9,197	9,558
Interest receivable		80	72
NET INCOME BEFORE TAXATION	•	9,277	9,630
Taxation	6	-	-
AMOUNT AVAILABLE FOR DISTRIBUTION	•	9,277	9,630
Amount to be distributed to members and performers		(9,277)	(9,630)
RETAINED RESERVES		Nil	Nil
Cost to income ratio		13.6%	12.7%

The results above refer entirely to continuing operations.

The company had no gains or losses other than the results above and accordingly no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented.

COMPANY NUMBER: 01818862

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2011

		2011		2010	
	Note	5000	£000	5000	£000
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	7		7		15
CURRENT ASSETS					
Licence fees receivable		2,036		524	
Other debtors		27		13	
Prepayments and accrued income		293		2,101	
Short term fixed deposits		7,000		7,000	
Cash at bank and in hand		2,486		476	
		11,842		10,114	
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	8	(11,795)		(9,604)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			47		510
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		_	54		525
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	9		(54)		(525)
NET ASSETS		_	Nil	_	Nil

The financial statements which comprise the income, expenditure and distribution account, the balance sheet, the cash flow statement and the related notes were approved by the Board of directors on 10 July 2012 and are signed on its behalf by:

F Nevrkla Director

A Sear Director

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

	Note	2011 £000	2010 £000
NET CASH INFLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	11	9,324	9,013
RETURN ON INVESTMENTS AND SERVICING OF FINANCE			
Interest received		66	84
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE Purchase of tangible fixed assets		-	25
TAXATION Corporation tax paid		-	-
DISTRIBUTIONS Payments to members and performers		(7,379)	(9,228)
NET CASH INFLOW/(OUTFLOW) BEFORE USE OF LIQUID RESOURCES		2,011	(106)
MANAGEMENT OF LIQUID RESOURCES Increase in cash placed on short term fixed deposits		-	400
Increase in net cash	12	2,011	294

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable Accounting Standards in the United Kingdom and the Companies Act 2006. A summary of the more important accounting policies, which have been applied consistently, is set out below.

a) Format of income, expenditure and distribution account and the balance sheet

The formats of the income, expenditure and distribution account and the balance sheet have been adapted from that prescribed by Companies Act 2006 in order to better reflect the nature of the business.

b) Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis under the historical cost convention.

c) Licence fee income

Licence fee income, which excludes value added tax, represents the invoiced value of licences issued, and is recognised evenly over the period of the licence term. In the absence of an invoice, broadcasting income is accrued based on the amount agreed in the contract.

d) Contribution to pensions

During the year the company participated in a contributory defined benefit pension scheme operated by Phonographic Performance Limited and covering its permanent employees. FRS17 "Retirement benefits" requires the pension scheme assets be recognised to the extent that they are considered recoverable, and liabilities should be recognised in full and presented on the face of the balance sheet net of the related deferred tax. In accordance with the standard, however, no net pension liability has been recorded in the balance sheet of Video Performance Limited on the grounds that it was not possible to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities of the scheme on a consistent and reasonable basis. In addition, since Phonographic Performance Limited makes the majority of contributions to the pension scheme and is also making additional contributions in order to fund the deficit, then it is Phonographic Performance Limited who bears the risks and rewards of the deficit or surplus in the scheme. Accordingly the full net pension liability has been recorded in the balance sheet of Phonographic Performance Limited.

In the financial statements of Video Performance Limited, the scheme has been accounted for as a defined contribution scheme and accordingly payments made into the scheme relating to Video Performance Limited employees are charged to the income, expenditure and distribution account. The scheme is funded and contributions are paid to the scheme in accordance with the recommendations of independent actuaries. The last full actuarial valuation was undertaken on the position as at 30 June 2009.

The required FRS17 "Retirement benefits" disclosures on the status of the scheme have been provided in note 10 of the financial statements.

The company also operates a defined contribution scheme. The amount charged to the income, expenditure and distribution account represents the contributions payable to the schemes in respect of the accounting period.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

e) Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Foreign currency transactions during the year are translated into sterling at the rate ruling on the date of the transaction. All foreign exchange differences are taken to the income, expenditure and distribution account in the year in which they arise.

f) Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date, where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. A net deferred tax asset is recognised as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits against which to recover carried forward tax losses and from which the future reversal of underlying timing differences can be deducted. Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis.

g) Provisions for liabilities

Dilapidations

Provision is made for dilapidations where the lease requires the reinstatement of the premises to its original state. The level of provision is based upon a damages report and is reviewed annually.

Legal costs

A provision is made for the estimated legal costs where litigation is pending and an obligating event has occurred prior to the balance sheet date.

Provisions for liabilities and charges are not discounted and any movements in the provisions are recorded in the income, expenditure and distribution account.

h) Tangible fixed assets

The cost of tangible fixed assets is their purchase cost, together with any incidental costs of acquisition.

Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of each asset over the expected useful life or predetermined replacement date:

Fixtures, fittings and office equipment Computer hardware and software Computer software (systems) 3 years on a straight line basis 3 years on a straight line basis 5 years on a straight line basis

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

2.	LICENCE FEE INCOME		
		2011 £000	2010 £000
	Analysis of turnover by licence type:		
	Broadcasting and video store income Public performance and dubbing income	8,672 1,975	8,688 2,263
		10,647	10,951
	Analysis of turnover by territory of origin:		
	United Kingdom Rest of Europe	10,615 32	10,892 59
		10,647	10,951
3.	NET INCOME BEFORE INTEREST AND TAXATION		
		2011 £000	2010 £000
	Net income before taxation is stated after charging:		
	Services provided by the company's auditor: Fees payable for one audit Fees payable for other services:	12	12
	Tax compliance Other	3	4 3

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

4. STAFF COSTS

Gross staff costs:	2011 £000	2010 £000
Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	794 2 4	810 5 4
	800	819

Other pension costs represents contributions payable and other associated costs in respect of the defined contribution scheme.

Average number of employees:	Number	Number
Office and management	1	2

Wages and salaries include recharged costs from Phonographic Performance Limited. Social security and other pension costs only include costs incurred directly by Video Performance Limited in respect of its employees.

Directors' emoluments:

Video Performance Limited paid no directors' remuneration during the year (2010: £nil). Full salary and related costs in respect of Fran Nevrkla were incurred by Phonographic Performance Limited and recharged to Video Performance Limited as an element of the overall company cost recharge.

No directors (2010: none) are accruing any benefits under the defined benefit scheme, for which Video Performance Limited bears the cost. Pension benefits for Fran Nevrkla are disclosed in the financial statements of Phonographic Performance Limited.

5. TRANSACTIONS WITH DIRECTORS

There were no other transactions with directors during the year (2010: £nil).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

6. TAXATION

The charge for taxation for the year is calculated on disallowable items after the deduction of capital allowances.

	2011 £000	2010 £000
Current tax:	2000	2000
UK corporation tax	-	
Total current tax	-	-
Factors affecting tax charge for the year	_	
Net income before taxation	9,277	9,631
Net income at the UK tax rate 20% (2010 - 21%)	1,855	2,023
Effects of: Permanent difference	(1,855)	(2,023)
Total current tax	-	_
The company has an unrecognised deferred tax asset as follows:		
Other timing differences	8	9
Net deferred tax asset - unrecognised	8	9

No provision has been made for this deferred tax asset on the basis that the majority of the company's net income is not taxable and therefore the availability of suitable future taxable profits against which it could be realised is not certain.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

7. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

8.

		Computer equipment £000
Cost		
At 1 January 2011		25
Additions		-
Disposals		
At 31 December 2011		25
Accumulated depreciation		
At 1 January 2011		10
Charge for the year		8
Disposals		
At 31 December 2011		18
Net book value At 31 December 2011		7
At 31 December 2010		15
. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
	2011	2010
	2000	0003
Trade creditors	-	18
Other creditors Accruals and deferred income	387 1,255	804 526
Amounts owed to members and performers	10,153	8,256
	11,795	9,604

Other creditors includes a balance payable to Phonographic Performance Limited of £124,515 (2010: £159,920) in relation to the recharge of operating expenses to Video Performance Limited.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

9. PROVISION FOR LIABILITIES

	2011 £000	2010 £000
Provision for dilapidations		
At beginning of the year Released in the year	54 -	79 (25)
At the end of the year	54	54
Provision for legal costs		
At beginning of the year	471	87
Utilised in the year Charge for the year	(471) -	(87) 471
At the end of the year		471
Total provisions	54	525

Dilapidations

The dilapidations provision represents the amount required to reinstate the premises to a state as required under the lease, which expires in 2020. The provision is expected to be fully utilised in 2020.

Legal costs

Legal costs are provided as required for cases where litigation is pending. There is no litigation pending in 2011 so no legal costs have been provided.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

10. PENSION COSTS

The company operates a defined benefit scheme in the UK with assets held in a separately administered fund. The basis on which the net pension liability is recognised in the financial statements is set out in note 1. The scheme was closed to new entrants from 1 July 2003.

A full actuarial valuation using the projected unit method was carried out at 30 June 2009 and updated to 31 December 2011 by a qualified independent actuary.

The company is currently contributing to the scheme at a rate of 15.4% of pensionable salaries.

The major assumptions used by the actuary were (in nominal terms):

	2011	2010
Rate of increase in salaries	4.30%	4.95%
Rate of increase of pensions in payment	2.80%	3.45%
Rate of increase of pensions in deferment	2.00%	3.45%
Discount rate	4.80%	5.45%
Inflation assumption (RPI)	2.80%	3.45%
Inflation assumption (CPI)	2.00%	-
Expected return on Plan assets	6.40%	6.30%

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The expected return on scheme assets is based on the asset allocation and on market expectations at the beginning of the financial period for returns over the life of the related obligation. The expected return on equities has been determined by including a premium over fixed interest securities to reflect the out performance of equities relative to fixed interest securities.

The mortality assumptions used for the 30 June 2009 funding valuation were as follows:

Pre retirement mortality (non pensioners):

Post retirement mortality (non pensioners):

Pre retirement mortality (non pensioners):

PCA00 YOB medium cohort (1% floor)

PCA00 YOB medium cohort (1% floor)

PCA00 YOB medium cohort (1% floor)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

10. PENSION COSTS (continued)

The assets in the scheme, the expected rates of return on assets ('EROA') and the amounts recognised in the balance sheets are as follows:

	2011	A		2010	
				_	Amount
9003	(%)	(%)	£'000	(%)	(%)
2,695	6.00%	17%	11,413	7.00%	78%
3,558	6.25%	23%	-	0.00%	0%
1,543	6.00%	10%	-	0.00%	0%
5,319	2.50%	34%	575	4.00%	4%
2,614	4.60%	17%	-	0.00%	0%
47	3.50%	0%	2,553	3.95%	18%
15,776			14,541		
(16,898)			(15,748)		
(1,122)			(1,207)		
-			-		
(1,122)			(1,207)		
	3,558 1,543 5,319 2,614 47 15,776 (16,898) (1,122)	£000 (%) 2,695 6.00% 3,558 6.25% 1,543 6.00% 5,319 2.50% 2,614 4.60% 47 3.50% 15,776 (16,898) (1,122) -	£000 (%) Amount (%) (%) 2,695 6.00% 17% 3,558 6.25% 23% 1,543 6.00% 10% 5,319 2.50% 34% 2,614 4.60% 17% 47 3.50% 0% 15,776 (16,898) (1,122)	£000 EROA (%) Amount (%) £'000 2,695 6.00% 17% 11,413 3,558 6.25% 23% - 1,543 6.00% 10% - 5,319 2.50% 34% 575 2,614 4.60% 17% - 47 3.50% 0% 2,553 15,776 (16,898) (15,748) (1,122) (1,207) - - - -	£000 (%) (%) £'000 (%) 2,695 6.00% 17% 11,413 7.00% 3,558 6.25% 23% - 0.00% 1,543 6.00% 10% - 0.00% 5,319 2.50% 34% 575 4.00% 2,614 4.60% 17% - 0.00% 47 3.50% 0% 2,553 3.95% 15,776 (16,898) (1,122) (1,207) - (1,207)

The amount recognised in the income, expenditure and distribution account of PPL:

	2011 £000	2010 £000
Current service cost Interest costs Expected return on pension scheme assets	(321) (866) 927	(383) (820) 847
Total	(260)	(356)
Actual return on assets	1,084	1,635

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

10.	PENSION COSTS (continued)							
	Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows:							
				2011 £000		2010 £000		
	Opening defined benefit obligation			15,748		14,208		
	Current service costs			321		383		
	Employee contributions			63		72		
	Interest costs			866		820		
	Actuarial gain			7 (107)		364		
	Benefits paid				<u>-</u>	(99)		
	Closing defined benefit obligation			16,898		15,748		
	Changes in the fair value of plan assets are as follows:							
				2011		2010		
				£000		£000		
	Opening fair value of scheme assets			14,541		10,373		
	Expected return on assets			927		847		
	Actuarial loss			157		788		
	Employer contributions			195		2,560		
	Employee contributions			63		72		
	Benefits paid		_	(107)	_	(99)		
	Closing fair value of scheme assets		=	15,776	=	14,541		
	Other amounts for the current period are as follows:							
		2011 £000	2010 £000	2009 £000	2008 £000	2007 £000		
	Defined benefit obligation Scheme assets	(16,898) 15,776	(15,748) 14,541	(14,208) 10,373	(9,264) 8,016	(12,380) 10,236		
	Deficit	(1,122)	(1,207)	(3,835)	(1,248)	(2,144)		
	History of experience gains and losses: Adjustment due to change in assumptions Experience adjustments on scheme assets	(7) 157	(364) 788	(4,217) 1,487	4,205 (3,425)	(95) (266)		
	Total amount recognised in statement of total recognised gains and losses	150	424	(2,730)	780	(361)		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

11.	NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
			2011 £000	2010 £000		
	Net income before interest and taxation Depreciation of tangible fixed assets Decrease in debtors Increase/(decrease) in creditors (Decrease)/increase in provisions		9,197 8 299 291 (471)	9,558 10 462 (1,375) 359		
	Net cash inflow from operating activities		9,324	9,013		
12.	RECONCILIATION OF NET CASH FLOW TO MOVEMENT IN NET FUNDS					
			2011 £000	2010 £000		
	Increase in cash in the year Decrease in cash placed on short term fixed deposits		2,011	294 (400)		
	Changes in net funds resulting from cash flows Net funds at 1 January		2,011 7,476	(106) 7,582		
	Net funds at 31 December		9,487	7,476		
13.	ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET FUNDS					
		2010	Cash flow	2011		
		£000	2000	2000		
	Cash at bank and in hand Short term fixed deposits	476 7,000	2,011	2,487 7,000		
	Net funds	7,476	2,011	9,487		